





Production advice ware potatoes TRADITIONAL FRESH

- Good yield
- Uniform tuber size and shape
- Bright, dark red skin
- Good dry matter content
- Good resistance to common scab



Agronomic characters

Maturity	63	Medium late
Dormancy	67	Medium
Yield mature	103	Moderate high
Tuber size	83	Large
Tuber shape		Oval / Long oval
Number of tubers		9-11
Skin colour		Dark red
Flesh after cooking		White
Cooking type		B - Slightly mealy
Dry matter content/Sta	rch	19,3% / 13,4%
UWW/Specific gravity		351 / 1,075
Internal bruising	9	Little sensitive
Metribuzin sensitivity	65	00000
Little Potato disorder	83	







Skin and flesh colour

Cooking type

Maturity

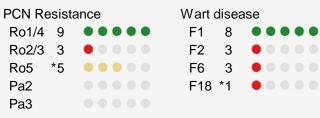
Plant populations

	F	Row distance		
Seed size	Plant population/ha	75 cm	90 cm	
28/35	50.000	27	22	
35/45	44.000	30	25	
35/55	42.000	32	26	
50/55	39.000	34	28	
55/65	37.000	36	30	

Always check the tuber count for an accurate calculation.

Resistances

Foliage Blight	44 • • • • •
Tuber Blight	59 • • • •
Alternaria	90
Common scab	67
Powdery scab	58
Spraing	93
PVY	25 • • • • •
Yntn tuber tolerance	98



^{*} HZPC own analysis/no official analysis

Fertilizer

- Adapt fertilization to soil analysis.
- Always refer to the local and current rules about crop fertilization.
- No nitrogen late in the growing period to avoid growth cracks and second growth.
- Split application can prevent excessive initial foliage growth.
- Apply 2/3 before planting and 1/3 as top dressing.
- Nitrogen (N): Medium inputs (170-210Kg N/Ha inclusive of soil supply).
- Phosphate (P) and Potassium (K): according to standard advice.







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Pre-treatment and planting

- The dormancy is medium long, a heat treatment is not necessary.
- Allow the seed to acclimatize to the local conditions before planting.
- FLAMENCO can be grown on all soil types.
- Planting with small white sprouts produces the best results.
- FLAMENCO is tolerant to little potato disorder, planting can take place early.



Growing attention points

- Emergence is uniform with a good foliage development.
- FLAMENCO is quite sensitive to metribuzin, only use it pre-emergence.
- Use a robust Phytophthora programme, to prevent foliage and tuber blight
- Preventive spraying against Phytophthora is advised.



Haulm killing and harvest

- Haulm killing on a slightly green foliage will result in a brighter skin.
- In general, FLAMENCO has a good stolone detachment and early skin set.
- To keep a bright and smooth skin, the tubers should not be left too long in the soil after haulm killing.
- Tubers are big. Harvest and store with care to avoid damage and bruising.



Storage

- FLAMENCO is suitable for long term storage.
- Dry quickly after harvest and keep dry to help prevent silver scurf.
- Don't store tubers too cold when they are used for second (autumn/winter) crop.